**Note:**

* The assignment is designed to practice class, fields, and methods only.
* Create a separate project for each question.
* Do not use getter/setter methods or constructors for these assignments.
* Define two classes: one class to implement the logic and another class to test it.

**1. Loan Amortization Calculator**

Implement a system to calculate and display the monthly payments for a mortgage loan. The system should:

1. Accept the principal amount (loan amount), annual interest rate, and loan term (in years) from the user.
2. Calculate the monthly payment using the standard mortgage formula:
   * **Monthly Payment Calculation:**
     + monthlyPayment = principal \* (monthlyInterestRate \* (1 + monthlyInterestRate)^(numberOfMonths)) / ((1 + monthlyInterestRate)^(numberOfMonths) - 1)
     + Where monthlyInterestRate = annualInterestRate / 12 / 100 and numberOfMonths = loanTerm \* 12
     + Note: Here ^ means power and to find it you can use Math.pow( ) method
3. Display the monthly payment and the total amount paid over the life of the loan, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define class LoanAmortizationCalculator with methods acceptRecord, calculateMonthlyPayment & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**2. Compound Interest Calculator for Investment**

Develop a system to compute the future value of an investment with compound interest. The system should:

1. Accept the initial investment amount, annual interest rate, number of times the interest is compounded per year, and investment duration (in years) from the user.
2. Calculate the future value of the investment using the formula:
   * **Future Value Calculation:**
     + futureValue = principal \* (1 + annualInterestRate / numberOfCompounds)^(numberOfCompounds \* years)
   * **Total Interest Earned:** totalInterest = futureValue - principal
3. Display the future value and the total interest earned, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define class CompoundInterestCalculator with methods acceptRecord , calculateFutureValue, printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**3. BMI (Body Mass Index) Tracker**

Create a system to calculate and classify Body Mass Index (BMI). The system should:

1. Accept weight (in kilograms) and height (in meters) from the user.
2. Calculate the BMI using the formula:
   * **BMI Calculation:** BMI = weight / (height \* height)
3. Classify the BMI into one of the following categories:
   * Underweight: BMI < 18.5
   * Normal weight: 18.5 ≤ BMI < 24.9
   * Overweight: 25 ≤ BMI < 29.9
   * Obese: BMI ≥ 30
4. Display the BMI value and its classification.

Define class BMITracker with methods acceptRecord, calculateBMI, classifyBMI & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**4. Discount Calculation for Retail Sales**

Design a system to calculate the final price of an item after applying a discount. The system should:

1. Accept the original price of an item and the discount percentage from the user.
2. Calculate the discount amount and the final price using the following formulas:
   * **Discount Amount Calculation:** discountAmount = originalPrice \* (discountRate / 100)
   * **Final Price Calculation:** finalPrice = originalPrice - discountAmount
3. Display the discount amount and the final price of the item, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define class DiscountCalculator with methods acceptRecord, calculateDiscount & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**5. Toll Booth Revenue Management**

Develop a system to simulate a toll booth for collecting revenue. The system should:

1. Allow the user to set toll rates for different vehicle types: Car, Truck, and Motorcycle.
2. Accept the number of vehicles of each type passing through the toll booth.
3. Calculate the total revenue based on the toll rates and number of vehicles.
4. Display the total number of vehicles and the total revenue collected, in Indian Rupees (₹).

* **Toll Rate Examples:**
  + Car: ₹50.00
  + Truck: ₹100.00
  + Motorcycle: ₹30.00

Define class TollBoothRevenueManager with methods acceptRecord, setTollRates, calculateRevenue & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**1. Loan Amortization Calculator**

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     + Where monthlyInterestRate = annualInterestRate / 12 / 100 and numberOfMonths = loanTerm \* 12
     + Note: Here ^ means power and to find it you can use Math.pow( ) method
3. Display the monthly payment and the total amount paid over the life of the loan, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define class LoanAmortizationCalculator with methods acceptRecord, calculateMonthlyPayment & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**package** LoanAmortization;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**import** java.lang.Math;

**class** LoanAmortizationCalculator {

**private** **double** principal;

**private** **double** air;

**private** **double** loanTerm;

**private** **double** monthlyPayment;

**private** **double** monthlyInterestRate;

**private** **double** numberOfMonths;

**private** **double** TotalAmount;

**public** **void** acceptrecord() {

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.print("Enter the principal amount: " );

principal = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.print("Enter the annual interest rate: " );

air = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.print("Enter the year: " );

loanTerm = sc.nextDouble();

sc.close();

}

**public** **void** calculatemonthlyPayment() {

monthlyInterestRate = air / 12 / 100 ;

numberOfMonths = loanTerm \* 12;

monthlyPayment = principal \* (monthlyInterestRate \* Math.*pow*(1 + monthlyInterestRate, numberOfMonths)) /

(Math.*pow*(1 + monthlyInterestRate, numberOfMonths) - 1);

TotalAmount = principal \* air \* loanTerm;

}

**public** **void** printRecord () {

System.***out***.println("The monthly payment is: " + monthlyPayment);

System.***out***.println("The total amount paid over the life of the loan is: " + TotalAmount);

}

}

**class** Test {

**public** **static** **void** main(String [] args) {

LoanAmortizationCalculator lac = **new** LoanAmortizationCalculator();

lac.acceptrecord();

lac.calculatemonthlyPayment();

lac.printRecord();

}

}

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Description automatically generated

**2. Compound Interest Calculator for Investment**

Develop a system to compute the future value of an investment with compound interest. The system should:

1. Accept the initial investment amount, annual interest rate, number of times the interest is compounded per year, and investment duration (in years) from the user.
2. Calculate the future value of the investment using the formula:
   * **Future Value Calculation:**
     + futureValue = principal \* (1 + annualInterestRate / numberOfCompounds)^(numberOfCompounds \* years)
   * **Total Interest Earned:** totalInterest = futureValue - principal
3. Display the future value and the total interest earned, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define class CompoundInterestCalculator with methods acceptRecord , calculateFutureValue, printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**package** Qno2;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** CompoundInterestCalculator {

**private** **double** principal;

**private** **double** air;

**private** **double** numberOfCompounds;

**private** **double** years;

**private** **double** futureValue;

**private** **double** totalInterest;

**public** **void** acceptRecord(){

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter the principal amount: ");

principal = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the annual interest rate: ");

principal = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the numberOfCompounds: ");

principal = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter for how many years: ");

principal = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the futureValue: ");

principal = sc.nextDouble();

}

**public** **void** calculateFutureValue() {

**double** rate = air / 100; // Converting percentage to decimal

futureValue = principal \* Math.*pow*((1 + rate / numberOfCompounds), numberOfCompounds \* years);

//return futureValue;

totalInterest = futureValue - principal;

}

**public** **void** printRecord () {

System.***out***.println("futureValue is : futureValue");

System.***out***.println("Total interrest is: " + totalInterest);

}

**public** **static** **void** main(String [] args) {

CompoundInterestCalculator cic = **new** CompoundInterestCalculator();

cic.acceptRecord();

cic.calculateFutureValue();

cic.printRecord();

}

}

**3. BMI (Body Mass Index) Tracker**

Create a system to calculate and classify Body Mass Index (BMI). The system should:

1. Accept weight (in kilograms) and height (in meters) from the user.
2. Calculate the BMI using the formula:
   * **BMI Calculation:** BMI = weight / (height \* height)
3. Classify the BMI into one of the following categories:
   * Underweight: BMI < 18.5
   * Normal weight: 18.5 ≤ BMI < 24.9
   * Overweight: 25 ≤ BMI < 29.9
   * Obese: BMI ≥ 30
4. Display the BMI value and its classification.

Define class BMITracker with methods acceptRecord, calculateBMI, classifyBMI & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**package** Assignmentqno3;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** BMITracker {

**private** **double** weight;

**private** **double** height;

**private** **double** BMI;

**public** **void** acceptrecord() {

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter the weight in kg: ");

**this**.weight = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the height in meters: ");

**this**.height = sc.nextDouble();

sc.close();

}

**public** **void** calculateBMI() {

BMI = weight / (height \* height);

}

**public** **void** classifyBMI(**double** BMI) {

// Check if the BMI is in different ranges

**if** (BMI < 18.5) {

System.***out***.println("The person is underweight");

}

**else** **if** (BMI >= 18.5 && BMI <= 24.9) { // Logical AND operator (&&)

System.***out***.println("The person's weight is normal");

}

**else** **if** (BMI >= 25 && BMI < 29.9) { // Range for overweight

System.***out***.println("The person is overweight");

}

**else** {

System.***out***.println("The person is obese");

}

}

**public** **void** printRecord () {

System.***out***.println("BMI is: " + BMI);

}

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

BMITracker wh = **new** BMITracker();

wh.acceptrecord();

wh.calculateBMI();

wh.classifyBMI(0);

wh.printRecord();

}

}

**4. Discount Calculation for Retail Sales**

Design a system to calculate the final price of an item after applying a discount. The system should:

1. Accept the original price of an item and the discount percentage from the user.
2. Calculate the discount amount and the final price using the following formulas:
   * **Discount Amount Calculation:** discountAmount = originalPrice \* (discountRate / 100)
   * **Final Price Calculation:** finalPrice = originalPrice - discountAmount
3. Display the discount amount and the final price of the item, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define class DiscountCalculator with methods acceptRecord, calculateDiscount & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**package** example.org;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** DiscountCalculator {

**private** **double** originalPrice;

**private** **double** discountPercent ;

**private** **double** discountAmount;

**private** **double** finalPrice ;

**private** **double** discountRate;

**public** **void** acceptRecord() {

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter the original price: ");

originalPrice = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the discountPercent: ");

discountPercent = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the discountAmount: ");

discountAmount = sc.nextDouble();

System.***out***.println("Enter the finalPrice: ");

finalPrice = sc.nextDouble();

}

**public** **void** calculateDiscount () {

discountAmount = originalPrice \* (discountRate / 100);

finalPrice = originalPrice - discountAmount;

}

**public** **void** printRecord () {

System.***out***.println("The discount amount is: " + discountAmount);

System.***out***.println("The finalPriceis: " + finalPrice);

}

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

DiscountCalculator Dc = **new** DiscountCalculator();

Dc.acceptRecord();

Dc.calculateDiscount();

Dc.printRecord();

}

}

**5. Toll Booth Revenue Management**

Develop a system to simulate a toll booth for collecting revenue. The system should:

1. Allow the user to set toll rates for different vehicle types: Car, Truck, and Motorcycle.

1. Accept the number of vehicles of each type passing through the toll booth.
2. Calculate the total revenue based on the toll rates and number of vehicles.
3. Display the total number of vehicles and the total revenue collected, in Indian Rupees (₹).

* **Toll Rate Examples:**
  + Car: ₹50.00
  + Truck: ₹100.00
  + Motorcycle: ₹30.00

Define class TollBoothRevenueManager with methods acceptRecord, setTollRates, calculateRevenue & printRecord and test the functionality in main method.

**package** revenueManagement;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** TollBoothRevenueManager {

**private** **int** Car, Truck, Motorcycle;

**private** **float** Carf, Truckf, Motorcyclef;

**private** **float** Totalfare, Total;

**public** **void** acceptRecord() {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.print(" Enter the number of Cars passed ");

Car =sc.nextInt();

System.***out***.print(" Enter the number of Truck passed ");

Truck =sc.nextInt();

System.***out***.print(" Enter the number of Motorcycle passed ");

Motorcycle =sc.nextInt();

sc.close();

}

**public** **void** setTollRates() {

Carf = 50.00f ;

Truckf = 100.00f ;

Motorcyclef = 30.00f;

}

**public** **void** calculateRevenue () {

**float** Carrev = (**float**)Car\*Carf;

**float** Truckrev=(**float**)Truck\*Truckf;

**float** Motorcyclerev=(**float**)Motorcycle\*Motorcyclef;

Totalfare =Carrev+Truckrev+Motorcyclerev;

Total = Car+ Truck + Motorcycle;

}

**public** **void** printRecord () {

System.***out***.println("The total fare of the vehicles is: "+ Totalfare);

System.***out***.println("The total no of vehicles are: " + Total);

}

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

TollBoothRevenueManager rm = **new** TollBoothRevenueManager();

rm.acceptRecord();

rm.setTollRates();

rm.calculateRevenue();

rm.printRecord();

}

}